Science Curriculum Analysis Worksheet

Current research on science education emphasizes the importance of integrating the learning progressions from all three dimensions included in *A Framework for K-12 Science Education* in order to deepen student understanding of the big ideas connected to scientific phenomena. This Curriculum Analysis Worksheet is a tool that can be used to align your current instructional practices to a 3-dimensional model of instruction, designed to deepen student learning.

1.	Identify a science concept or concepts within the Arizona Science Standard from Strands 4, 5, or 6 that you teach at your grade
	level/course. Record the science concept, big idea/scientific phenomena, and the three-dimensional learning outcome(s).
2.	Identify learning progressions from each of the three dimensions that will be bundled together to build student conceptual
	understanding of the big idea/scientific phenomena selected in Step 1.
3.	a. Identify objectives from the Arizona Science Standard from Strands 1, 2 and 3 that align with the Science and Engineering Practices
	learning progression(s) you have identified in Step 2.
	b. Examine your current science curriculum to identify ways you can modify instruction to reach the vision of A Framework for K-12
	Science Education while you currently teach grade level objectives aligned to the Arizona Science Standard.
4.	a. Identify the current objectives from the Arizona Science Standard from Strands 4, 5, and 6 that align with the Disciplinary Core Ideas
	learning progression(s) you have identified in Step 2.
	b. Examine your current science curriculum to identify ways you can modify instruction to reach the vision of A Framework for K-12
	Science Education while you currently teach grade level objectives aligned to the Arizona Science Standard.
5.	a. Identify the current unifying concept(s) from page viii of the Arizona Science Standard that aligns with the Crosscutting Concepts
	learning progression(s) you have identified in Step 2.
	b. Examine your current science curriculum to identify ways you can modify instruction to reach the vision of A Framework for K-12
	Science Education while you currently teach grade level objectives aligned to the Arizona Science Standard.
6.	a. Identify connections to grade level ELA/Literacy standards, as appropriate.
	b. Identify connections to grade level Mathematics standards and practices, as appropriate.

Big Idea/Scientific Phenomenon: The diversity of organisms, living and extinct, is the result of evolution.

• Explain how genetic variations result in adaptations in populations that influence the success of an organism in a specific environment.

earning Progressions for 6-12 Science) iological Evolution: Unity and Diversity al selection leads to adaptation, that is, to a ation dominated by organisms that are mically, behaviorally, and physiologically well to survive and reproduce in a specific onment. That is, the differential survival and duction of organisms in a population that havy vantageous heritable trait leads to an increase proportion of individuals in future generation ave the trait and to a decrease in the rtion of individuals that do not.	between cause and correlation and make claims about specific causes and effects.
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rtion of individuals that do not.	

3. Sc	ence and Engineering Practices		
	Identify performance objectives from Strands 1-3 within the Arizona Science Standard that align to the		Gap Analysis/Curriculum Examination
	learning progressions listed above.		Refer to the Science and Engineering practice learning progressions within the
	(Strand 1: Inquiry; Strand 2: History and Nature of Science; Strand 3: Science and Social Perspectives)		Learning Progressions for 6-12 Science document and your current curriculum
			to answer the following questions.
Ce	Concept 1: Observations, Questions, and Hypotheses	5	What scientific phenomenon will students investigate and connect
cti	Formulate predictions, questions, or hypotheses based on observations. Evaluate appropriate resources.	fo N	to the big idea?
ra	PO 1. Evaluate scientific information for relevance to a given problem.	Ϋ́	 What practices are currently missing from my curriculum?
P	PO 2. Develop questions from observations that transition into testable hypotheses.	ca Ca	 What changes and refinements need to be made?
ut	PO 3. Formulate a testable hypothesis.	o du	 What strategies/investigations can be implemented to achieve the
re	PO 4. Predict the outcome of an investigation based on prior evidence, probability, and/or modeling (not	шĩ	vision?
Current Practice	guessing or inferring).	Vision of A Framework for K-12 Science Education	
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	Concept 2: Scientific Testing (Investigating and Modeling)	f ⊿ cie	Engage:
	Design and conduct controlled investigations.	o v	Watch a video of a Venus fly trap plant. Ask students to think about
	PO 1. Demonstrate safe and ethical procedures (e.g., use and care of technology, materials, organisms)	sion K-12	these questions:
	and behavior in all science inquiry.	isi K-	What adaptation does this plant exhibit?
	PO 2. Identify the resources needed to conduct an investigation.	</th <td>Why has it adapted/evolved in this way?</td>	Why has it adapted/evolved in this way?
	PO 3. Design an appropriate protocol (written plan of action) for testing a hypothesis:		
	 Identify dependent and independent variables in a controlled investigation. 		Are there other plants that have similar adaptations?
	 Determine an appropriate method for data collection (e.g., using balances, 		
	thermometers, microscopes, spectrophotometer, using qualitative changes).		Explore:
	 Determine an appropriate method for recording data (e.g., notes, sketches, 		Set up an opportunity for students to research different adaptations of
	photographs, videos, journals (logs), charts, computers/calculators).		plants. In teams, students will explain the adaptation they researched
	PO 4. Conduct a scientific investigation that is based on a research design.		and how it benefits the species' survival.
	PO 5. Record observations, notes, sketches, questions, and ideas using tools such as journals, charts,		
	graphs, and computers.		As a class, students devise a method of classification to compare and
	Brahis, and comparents.		
	Concept 3: Analysis, Conclusions, and Refinements		contrast types of adaptations in plants.
	Evaluate experimental design, analyze data to explain results and propose further investigations.		
	Design models.		Students will create an experiment to investigate the use of chemical
	PO 1. Interpret data that show a variety of possible relationships between variables, including:		inhibitors produced by plants.
	positive relationship, negative relationship or no relationship		
	PO 2. Evaluate whether investigational data support or do not support the proposed hypothesis.		Explain:
	PO 4. Evaluate the design of an investigation to identify possible sources of procedural error, including:		Use the research and data collected by the class to create an evidence-
	sample size, trials, controls, analyses		based explanation (Claim-Evidence-Reasoning) of the adaptations of
			plants. Use evidence and reasoning to explain the phenomena of the
	Concept 4: Communication		
	Communicate results of investigations.		Venus Fly Trap plant.
	PO 1. For a specific investigation, choose an appropriate method for communicating the results.		
	PO 2. Produce graphs that communicate data.		
	PO 3. Communicate results clearly and logically.		
	PO 4. Support conclusions with logical scientific arguments.		

Unifying Concepts and Processes (Crosscutting concepts)		Gap Analysis
Unifying Concepts and Processes (Crosscutting concepts) Listed in page viii of the front matter of the Arizona Science Standard, and explained in the National Science Education Standards (1995) pp. 115-119 Constancy, Change, and Measurement	Vision of A Framework for K-12 Science Education	Gap Analysis Refer to the Crosscutting Concepts learning progressions within the Learning Progressions for 6-1 Science document and your current curriculum to answer the following questions. • How is/are the crosscutting concept(s) made explicit within my current curriculum? • What changes and refinements need to be made? • What strategies/investigations can be implemented to achieve the vision? Cause and Effect Provide opportunities for students to see what conditions occur that result in adaptation to alter the biodiversity of plants and animals. Provide opportunities to test the causal relationship and use these relationship to explain how inhibitors have developed as a positive adaptation.

Arizona Department of Education - K-12 Standards Section

6. Connections

Identify other Content Area Standards that will build student understanding of this concept or phenomenon, especially those in ELA/Literacy and Mathematics/Practices.

RST-11.12.1

Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account.

RST-11.12.8

Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.

WHST.9-12.2

Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

WHST.9-12.9

Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

WHST.9-12.7

Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

SL.11-12.4

Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

Gap Analysis

Refer to the Other content standards that are being used as a connection to answer the following questions.

- How are the connected standards explicitly taught within my current curriculum?
- What changes and refinements need to be made?
- What strategies/investigations can be implemented to achieve the vision?

Reading

Provide informational text for students to build understanding of plant adaptations.

Writing

Connections to Instruction

Provide opportunities for research of evidence to support understanding of plant adaptations.

Students write explanations (C-E-R) about adaptations in the Venus Fly Trap plant.

Speaking and Listening

Students present research information to the class for the development of adaptation classification for plants.