## **VISION SCREENING CHECKLIST**

## **NOTE TO SCREENERS AND PARENTS:**

This screening was developed to use with infants, toddlers and young children who cannot participate in an acuity screening. When a child can match, select, identify or name a picture or symbol that is the same as the one the screener is showing to the child, one of the formal acuity screenings designed for early learners should be given as a supplement to this checklist screening.

CHILD'S NAME:	
Child's Date of Birth: Chro	onological age (age at the time of the screening):
Adjusted age (for prematurely born children now under two years,	subtract # of weeks of prematurity from the chronological age):
Person(s) completing the checklist with 1.	2. (parent /caregiver)
	4.
(Please write your role on the child's team or your age	ncy aπer your name) Checklist completed on (DATE):
SCREENERS: Completed screenings with indicators checked	require a family copy to share with health care provider – see *Note below
If your child has already seen an eye doctor, comp	screening will give you an indication of possible concerns or signs to watch for. Deting this screening will tell more about how your child uses vision. STITUTE FOR AN EYE EXAM BY A PEDIATRIC EYE DOCTOR.
Has the child seen an eye doctor (an ophthalmologist, M.D. or an	optometrist, O.D.) ? YES NO
If yes, put DOCTOR'S NAME here:	
DOCTOR'S ADDRESS or PHONE :	
ADDITIONAL VISION INFORMATION (diagnosis, glasses	or other treatment, follow up scheduled or anticipated) :
RISK FACTORS FOR VISION LOSS  These are family and medical history details that have a high incidence of vision loss in infants and toddlers	BEHAVIORAL SIGNS THAT MIGHT INDICATE VISION LOSS These are known ways that young children behave when they are experiencing some difficulty using their vision
*Note: If your child has identified RISK FACTORS, ask your health care provider to share information with you about how identified risk factors pertain to your child's history & health.	*Note: If your child has identified BEHAVIORIAL SIGNS, send a copy of the completed checklist to your child's health care provider for review. Ask your provider to discuss referring your child to a pediatric eye doctor with you.
Family history of eye conditions other than glasses wear or age related cataracts?	Tilts or turns head to one side while looking (child is older than 6 months)
LIST Family eye condition:	Does not notice people or objects when placed in certain areas
	Responds to toys only when there is an accompanying
Meningitis or encephalitis	sound ( child is older than 6 months )
Maternal history of infection during pregnancy (CMV, toxoplasmosis, rubella, STD)	Moves hand or object back and forth in front of eyes (child is older than 12 months)
Premature birth of 36 weeks or less NUMBER OF WEEKS:	Eyes make constant, quick movements or appear to have a shaking movement (nystagmus)
Exposure to oxygen more than 24 hours	Squints, frowns or scowls when looking at objects
Head trauma episode	Consistently over or under reaches ( child is older than 6 months )
Seizure Disorder	Cannot see a dropped toy ( child is older than 6 months )
Birth Weight of less than 3 lbs. (or 1300 grams ) BIRTH WEIGHT:	Brings objects to one eye rather than using both eyes to view
Neurological Issues	Covers or closes one eye frequently
Significant prenatal exposure to alcohol or drugs including prescription drugs	Eyes appear to turn inward, outward, upward, or downward (child is older than 6 months)
A parent/caregiver concern about the way the child uses vision.	Places an object within a few inches of eyes to look (child is older than 12 months)
LIST CONCERNS:	Trips on curbs or steps ( child is older than 18 months )
	Thrusts head forward or backward when looking at objects
	Eye-poking, rocking, staring at bright lights frequently

One or more behavioral signs have been identified. Copy to family for their health care provider to review for health care system referral

to a pediatric eye doctor for a complete eye exam.

A checklist screening is a general indicator. Not every child with a screening checkmark will have a vision problem.

Some children without a checkmark will still have a vision problem that was not consistent enough to show up when the checklist was completed. If your child begins to show signs of poor vision use or if there is a significant change in vision, contact your child's health care provider.

REQUIRED Signature below of early childhood staff person completing this form with parent/caregiver: