Instructional Framework





Graphic Design 10.0200.30

Domain 1: Creative Process
Instructional Time: 55-65%

Instructional Time: 55-65% STANDARD 6.0 APPLY GRAPHIC DESIGN CONCEPTS TO PRODUCE VISUAL SOLUTIONS	
6.2 Identify principles of design (e.g., contrast, repetition, alignment, proximity, hierarchy, balance, movement, emphasis, harmony, and unity)	Basic Principles
6.3 Identify anatomical components and qualities of type (i.e., x-height, ascenders, descenders, etc.)	 X-height Baseline Cap height Ascender Descender counter crossbar ligature
6.4 Identify categories of type (i.e., serif, san serif, script, display, old style, modern, slab serif, etc.)	 Basic typography categories Structure Appropriate usage - when and how
6.5 Explain how typography impacts design	 Choice of typography is essential Density of type Hierarchy Emotion/Personality Size Contrast
6.6 Identify additive colors (RGB – red, green, and blue) and subtractive colors (CMYK – cyan, magenta, yellow, and black/key)	 CMY vs RGB Additive vs. subtractive Color Schemes: Monochromatic Analogous Complimentary

6.7 Identify basic color schemes (e.g., complementary, analogous, triadic, tetradic, split complementary, and monochromatic)	 Color schemes Monochromatic Analogous Complimentary
6.8 Explain the psychology of color and how color can impact the effectiveness of a design	Effects of perceiving color Color influence Color perception Psychology properties of color
STANDARD 7.0 APPLY GRAPHIC DESIGN WORKFLOW TO INCREASE SU	ICCESS AND PRODUCTIVITY
7.1 Generate project ideas using stakeholder communication, research, brainstorming, thumbnails, roughs, mock-ups, and wireframes	Graphic design process Research (interview) Brainstorming Thumbnails Roughs Mock-ups Wireframes (web, UX)
7.2 Identify demographic components for a target audience (e.g., gender, age, income, education, socioeconomic, ethnicity, and location)	 Target audience Gender Age Income Education socioeconomic ethnicity location
7.3 Develop a project workflow from initiation to completion	Workflow outline
7.4 Consider user experience (UX) when designing for the target audience (e.g., motivation, functionality, and accessibility)	(UX) User Experience

7.5 Collaborate with others to plan and execute a graphic work	 Use defined roles Work towards goals established by the group and each position Steps creative process Research Brainstorm Create Revise Edits based on client feedback Present
7.6 Describe project evaluation and review techniques (e.g., compare final product to original needs and specifications; give and receive feedback on a project)	Steps to revision process
STANDARD 8.0 CREATE PROBLEM-SOLVING GRAPHIC WORKS USING IN	IDUSTRY STANDARD SOFTWARE
8.1 Differentiate among the color spaces (e.g., RGB, CMYK, Spot Color, L*a*b*, HSB, HSL, grayscale, and hex color) and how they relate to graphic design	Color gamut usage and purposes
8.2 Analyze the applications of vector-based and raster images	Vector vs Raster Pixels vs anchor points Scaling vs pixelation Applications of each
8.3 Create vector illustrations using industry standard software	Vector illustration Use industry standard software
8.4 Use a digital camera to demonstrate composition techniques (i.e., rule of thirds, diagonals, framing, balance, leading lines, repeating patterns/texture, symmetry, etc.)	 Composition Techniques Rule of Thirds Diagonals Framing Balance Depth of field

	 Viewpoint Leading Lines Color Repeating Patterns/texture Symmetry
8.5 Execute a photo shoot according to client's needs	 Client Interview Equipment needs Location needs
8.6 Apply non-destructive image editing techniques	 Camera Raw Layer Masking Adjustment Layers Smart Objects
8.7 Composite raster images using a combination of layers, transparency, masking, selection tools, blending modes, filters, and special effects	Editing tools to enhance and edit a raster image Use industry standard software
8.8 Manipulate digital images using industry standard software	Editing tools to enhance and edit a raster image Use industry standard software
8.9 Construct graphic works utilizing and manipulating type using industry standard software	 Appropriate text tools to format type Use industry standard software Tracking Kerning Leading Alignment Size
8.10 Produce single- and multi-color graphic works using industry standard software	Single and multi-color projects Use industry standard software
8.11 Create single- and multi-page graphic works utilizing margins, columns, grids, and bleeds	 Appropriate page formatting tools to alter page layouts Use industry standard software Appropriate text tools to format type

	Use industry standard software
8.12 Demonstrate layout skills for digital media using industry standard software	Appropriate layout skills Use industry standard software

Domain 2: Technology Production Instructional Time: 15-25%

STANDARD 5.0 MANAGE COMPUTER HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE	
5.1 Demonstrate proper use and care of equipment (i.e., computers, storage devices, printers, peripherals, cameras, input devices, etc.)	Appropriate use and care of equipment and available accessories
5.2 Identify threats to technological devices and computer system networks (i.e., viruses, data breaches, phishing, pirating, etc.)	 Potential threats Viruses Data Breaches Phishing Pirating Malware Methods of protection Anti-virus software Password protections
5.3 Utilize correct software for the final product (i.e., page layout, photo manipulation, illustration, etc.)	Output devices for industry standard software
5.4 Apply effective computer file management techniques (e.g., file naming, organization, storage, and backup)	 Filing Folders and subfolders File naming File formatting File placement-hardware, networks, cloud
5.5 Differentiate among graphic file formats based on compatibility, file size, resolution, color gamut, and medium (i.e., JPG, TIFF, RAW, PSD, PDF, INDD,	 Resolution and how it affects image size Advantages and disadvantages of each file type

AI, GIF, PNG, etc.)	 JPG, TIFF, RAW, PSD, PDF, INDD, AI, GIF, PNG, EPS, SVG
5.6 Identify file transfer options for security, compatibility, and control (i.e., physical media, cloud-based, network, peer to peer, etc.)	 Advantages and Disadvantage of file transfer options Physical Media Cloud based network peer to peer
5.7 Identify methods of data capture (i.e., digital camera, video input device, graphics tablet, scanner, keyboard, etc.)	Appropriate resolutions for data capture based on end product
5.8 Differentiate among types and uses of digital cameras and accessories (i.e., point-and-shoot, DSLR, lenses, filters, lighting equipment, etc.)	 Camera types: DSLR Point and shoot Accessories Tripod Memory cards Lighting Flash Natural light
5.9 Select appropriate resolution, compression, and format for data capture	 Appropriate resolutions for data capture based on end product Lossy vs. Lossless DPI, PPI
5.10 Differentiate among PPI, DPI, and LPI (e.g., resolution, machine pixels, and screen frequency)	 PPI - Pixels per inch Resolution DPI - Dots per inch Machine pixels LPI - Lines per inch Screen Frequency
5.11 Explain the importance of an industry standard color management system to improve outcomes	 Prepress Correlate color rendering input devices / color monitors / output devices

STANDARD 9.0 DEMONSTRATE APPLICATION OF MEDIA OUTPUT	
9.1 Preflight digital file for industry standard output (i.e., check for overset text, errors, missing elements, color issues, fonts, etc.)	 Preflighting and its purpose Check for overset text Errors Missing elements Color Issues Fonts
9.2 Package a digital file for delivery, including PDF creation	 Appropriate formats for different forms of digital delivery Package a file for printing
9.3 Compare common printing processes, their market segments, and the advantages/disadvantages of each (e.g., offset, digital, screen printing, and flexography)	 Offset lithography Screen Printing Flexography Digital Printing Advantages and Disadvantage
9.4 Select paper options for a job, including environmental concerns, grades and classes, and specialty substrates (i.e., canvas, vinyl, metal, coroplast, etc.)	Paper sizePaper weightsSpecialty substrants
9.5 Apply binding and finishing options, including imposition	Appropriate uses of different binding and finishing options and how it relates to end usage
9.6 Print, trim, and mount projects for professional presentation	Appropriate printing, trimming & mounting process for different forms of professional presentations
Domain 3: Communication Skills Instructional Time: 10-15%	
STANDARD 3.0 ANALYZE FACTORS THAT CONTRIBUTE TO PERSONAL S INDUSTRY	UCCESS IN THE COMMUNICATION MEDIA TECHNOLOGIES
3.1 Employ written, verbal, and non-verbal communications that are appropriate to the target audience and situation)	 Various media communication Email Memo/letter

	 Social media/Internet Presentation Digital presentation
3.2 Apply formatting, editing, and proofreading skills to all forms of writing	 Proofreading Peer Review Conventions for various written communications
3.3 Prepare and deliver a presentation using terminology standard to the Communication Media Technologies industry	 Industry terminology for graphic design Speak clearly Body posture appropriate for presenting Eye contact Limit distractions Practice social norms appropriate for audience Rehearse presentation
3.4 Use interpersonal skills when communicating with colleagues, clients, and vendors (i.e., active listening, empathy, body language, openness, negotiation, problem-solving, conflict resolution, assertiveness, positive attitude, etc.)	 Active listening techniques Body Language Eye Contact Repeat understanding of statements (summarize) Ask questions limit distractions Negotiations Conflict resolution scenarios Benefits of a positive attitude
3.5 Identify professional "dress for success" standards and practices for the Communication Media Technologies industry	Impact of professional dress Formal Business Casual
3.6 Explain basic types of résumés and their use (e.g., chronological, functional, combination, targeted, and creative)	Types of resumes

	 Chronological Functional Combination Targeted Creative
3.7 Identify the basic parts of a résumé (e.g., contact/address section, objective, profile, career summary, experience section, education section, and reference section)	 Resume components Contacts Objectives Profile Career summary/Experience Eduction References
3.8 Explain considerations for résumé format (i.e., simple font; plenty of white space; personalize and customize to reflect your skills and abilities, etc.)	Resume Creation
3.9 Define a professional portfolio (e.g., organized collection of relevant writing, graphics, and projects; artifacts showcasing talents and relevant skills; and summary of professional growth)	 Components Organized collection of relevant writing Graphics, and projects Artifacts showcasing talents and relevant skill Summary of professional growth
3.10 Describe portfolio types serving different purposes (i.e., working portfolios, display portfolios, assessment portfolios, etc.)	 Web vs Print Assessment Portfolio Working Portfolio
3.11 Describe ways to build a professional portfolio [i.e., binder, digital (iPad), online portfolio, etc.]	Web vs Print Use industry standard software to create professional portfolio
STANDARD 4.0 ANALYZE THE GRAPHIC DESIGN PROFESSION	

4.1 Differentiate between art and design	Art vs designPurpose of art vs design
4.2 Identify art movements that have impacted the Graphic Design profession	 Cubism Art Deco Bauhuas Swiss/Minimalism Pop Art
4.3 Research technologies that have impacted the Graphic Design profession	 Printing Press Computer Design Software Printing technologies Mobile technologies Internet technologies
4.4 Describe graphic design's influence on society	 Propaganda posters Advertising Brand Development
4.5 Examine the role and cultural significance of graphic designers	 Inform Educate or Entertain Influence
4.6 Describe past and present graphic design styles and trends	 Art Nouveau Modernism Art Deco Advertisement Boom Pop Art Swiss Style
4.7 Describe how diversity (i.e., cultural, ethnic, generational, etc.) influences design decisions	Target Audience Demographics

4.8 Identify components required in establishing a freelance business (i.e., taxes, contracts, expenses, billing, licenses, etc.)	Budget/billingTaxes/expenses
	Contracts/licenses

Domain 4: Media Industries/Practices & Ethics Instructional Time: 5-10%

STANDARD 1.0 ANALYZE THE COMMUNICATION MEDIA TECHNOLOGIES INDUSTRY, ITS BUSINESS PRACTICES, AND ITS ROLE IN THE **ECONOMY**

1.1 Investigate the history and evolution of the Communication Media Technologies industry (i.e., technology, processes, production, etc.)	 History of Technology Processes Production Innovations
1.2 Examine the impact of social media and emerging technologies on the Communication Media Technologies industry	 Pros and cons of social media Emerging technologies: IoT, 4D printing, mobile apps
1.3 Research the societal and economic impact of the Communication Media Technologies industry	 Ethical Responsibilities Inform Educate or Entertain Influence
1.4 Examine the impact of the Communication Media Technologies Industry on marketing practices	 Promotion, production and distribution Advertising Collaboration
Explain how diversity and inclusion are managed in the workplace to create a supportive culture	CulturalEthicalMulti-generational
1.6 Define cultural diversity and the need for awareness and sensitivity in the workplace	Demographics Respect of all

1.7 Explain the acceptance of multiculturalism in the workplace (i.e., treating impartially and fairly each ethnic group, etc.)	 Cultural Ethical Multi-generational Demographics Social Norms
1.8 Analyze customer service practices appropriate to the Communication Media Technologies industry	 Clear and professional communication Active listening Paying attention to all details Knowledgeable Follow through Go above and beyond
1.9 Examine time management practices appropriate to the Communication Media Technologies industry	 Deadline Management Organizational Skills Multitasking Prioritizing Problem-solving Flexibility
1.10 Identify professions that comprise the Communication Media Technologies industry (i.e., animation, broadcasting, filmmaking, graphic design, illustration, music and audio productions, photography, printing, publishing, etc.)	 Professions in Communication Media Animator Broadcasting Filmmaking Graphic Design Illustration Music/Audio Photography Printing Publishing
1.11 Comply with safety standards and regulations specific to OSHA	OSHA safety standards
STANDARD 2.0 ANALYZE ETHICAL AND LEGAL ISSUES RELATED TO THE COMMUNICATION MEDIA TECHNOLOGIES INDUSTRY	
2.1 Distinguish among copyright, intellectual property, and proprietary rights	Copyright vs intellectual property vs proprietary rights
2.2 Investigate copyright, intellectual property, proprietary rights, plagiarism,	Copyright (duration, beginning and expiration)

software licensure, and Creative Commons license Communication Media Technologies industry	 Intellectual property Proprietary rights Plagiarism Software license Creative commons license
2.3 Discuss consequences in violating copyright, privacy, and data security laws (i.e., monetary penalties, prison, injunctions, financial restitution, etc.)	Violating-
2.4 Explain fair use (i.e., authorships, credit lines, parody, news reporting, criticism and commentary, etc.)	Fair Use
2.5 Differentiate between legal and ethical standards as they apply to decision-making in the Communication Media Technologies industry	 Legal vs ethical standards Business code of ethics
2.6 Explain libel, privacy, censorship, and first amendment rights	 Libel Privacy Censorship First amendment rights