# **School Safety Program**

# New School Safety Program Resource Training Day 1 FY 2020

In Partnership with the Arizona Foundation for Legal Services & Education

This material was created through support from the Arizona Department of Education's School Safety Program and Arizona Bar Foundation. It is not to be replicated or used without prior permission.



# WELCOME and THANK YOU FOR JOINING US!



### HOUSEKEEPING

- Expectations
- Parking Lot
- Housekeeping- water, bathrooms, break room



#### Why are we here?

Demonstrate and apply the philosophy of the school program.

#### What am I doing?

Participate in activities that demonstrate knowledge of the School Safety Program Requirements.

#### How do I do it?

- Understand why Law Related Education (LRE) and Social Emotional Learning (SEL) are effective prevention tools.
- Demonstrate the purpose, function, and requirements of the SSPRT the School Safety Program Resource Team.

#### What tools do I have to support me?

- Demonstrate how to utilize your data to drive LRE, SEL, and your Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (MTSS)
  activities.
- Identify and evaluate individual and collaborative program roles.
- Apply school safety legal practices on your campus.
- Plan, implement, and monitor the effectiveness of the SSP Resource Staff and your School Safety Program.



# CREATING A COMMUNITY OF SAFE SCHOOLS

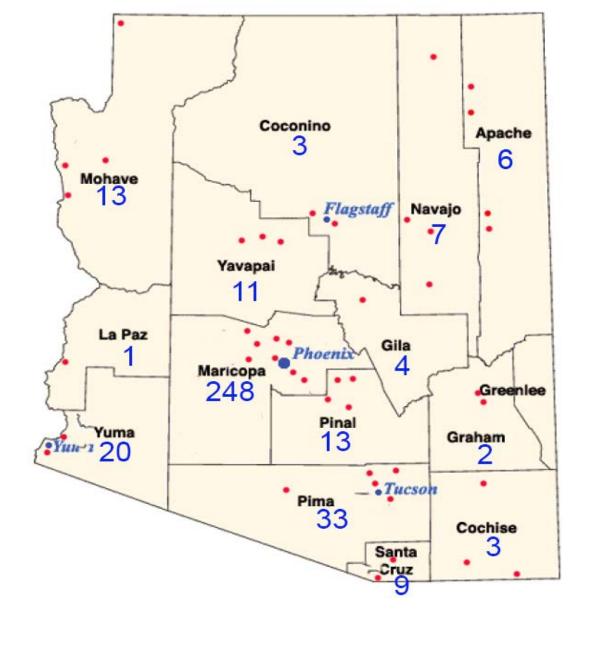
383 Sites

14 out of 15 counties!

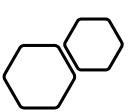
148 School Counselors (38%)

118 Social Workers (31%)

117 SROs (31%)





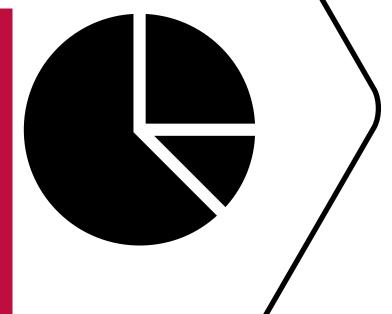


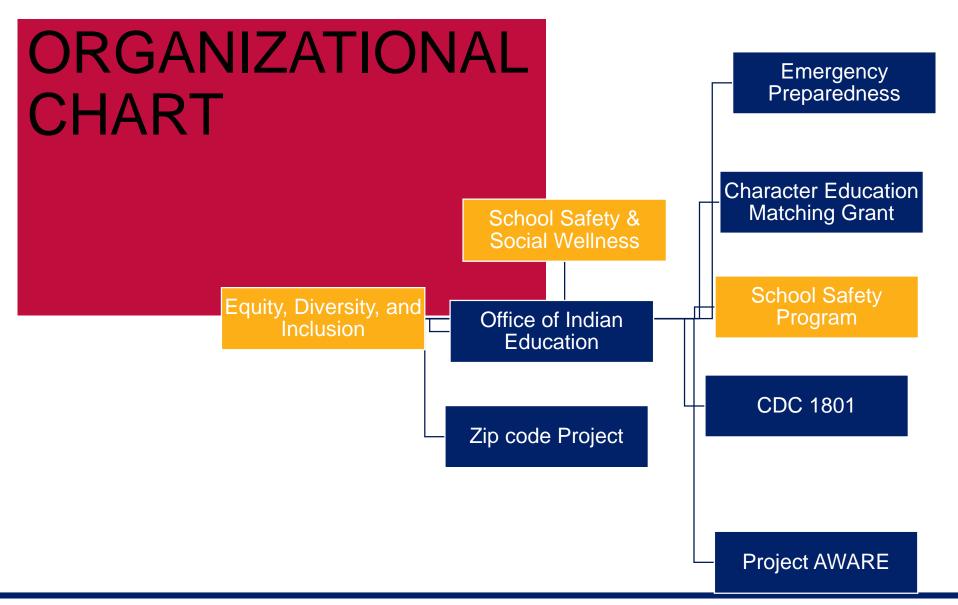


Let's see who's here!

Tinyurl.com/ADESURVEY2020

Tinyurl.com/ADESURVEY2020







### PHILOSOPHY OF THE SSP

#### THEN

**1994** - ARS 15-154

**What -** placing school resource officers and juvenile probation officers on school grounds

#### Goals of the SSP

- Contribute to an orderly, purposeful atmosphere, which promotes the feeling of safety conducive to teaching and learning
- Teach Law-Related Education that promotes a safe, orderly environment, and good citizenship

\*Prevention

\*School connectedness

\*Team-based \approaches/

#### **NOW**

2019 - HB 2749 and ARS 15-154

What - placing school resource officers, juvenile probation officers, school counselors, and school social workers on school campuses.

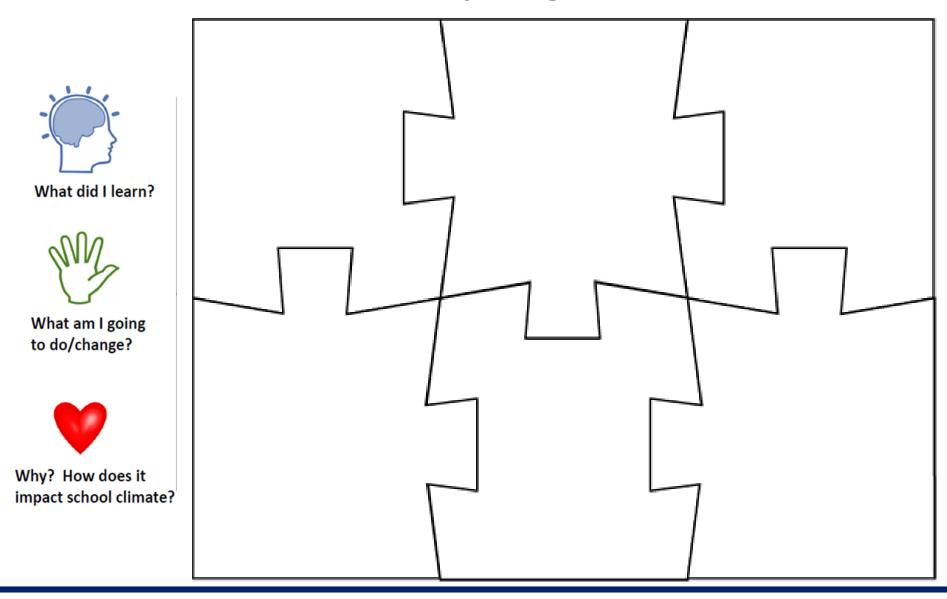
#### Goals of the SSP

SSP promotes, supports and enhances safe and effective learning environments for all students on school campuses in Arizona by:

- Providing funding and comprehensive training for SW/SC/SROs and their administrative teams
- Building systems of sustainability for school safety
  - Helping AZ reimagine school safety



### **ADE School Safety Program Reflection Tool**



#### SRO/JPO

- ✓ Annual Service Agreement (IGA/ISA)
- ✓ SSPRT Including All Required Members Meeting Quarterly
- √180 Hours of LRE
- ✓ Officer Weekly Activity Log
- **✓ Officer Time on Campus**
- ✓ Officer Performance Assessment
- ✓ Annual Training
- ✓ Program Evaluation

#### **School Social Workers & Counselors**

- ✓ Signed Contract
- ✓ SSPRT Including All Required Members Meeting Quarterly
- ✓ Percentage of time across Tiers 1-3, including SEL
- ✓ Weekly Activity Log
- √ Time on Campus & Related Activities
- ✓ Performance Evaluation
- ✓ Annual Training
- ✓ Program Evaluation



For District Administrator

- ✓ Submit signed contract or Annual Service Agreement (IGA/ISA) and supporting documents through GME
- ✓ Handle Grants Management (GME) Mid and End-year Program Reporting
- ✓ Regular communication with SA
- ✓ Annual Training



For Site Administrator

- ✓ Help integrate SSP staff into the school environment
- ✓ Convene SSP Resource Team Meeting
- √ Help SSP Resource identify appropriate LRE/SEL topics
- ✓ Meet with AS once per semester (if applicable)
- ✓ Annual Training
- ✓ Conduct program evaluation and personnel performance assessments



For Agency Supervisor (SRO Specific)

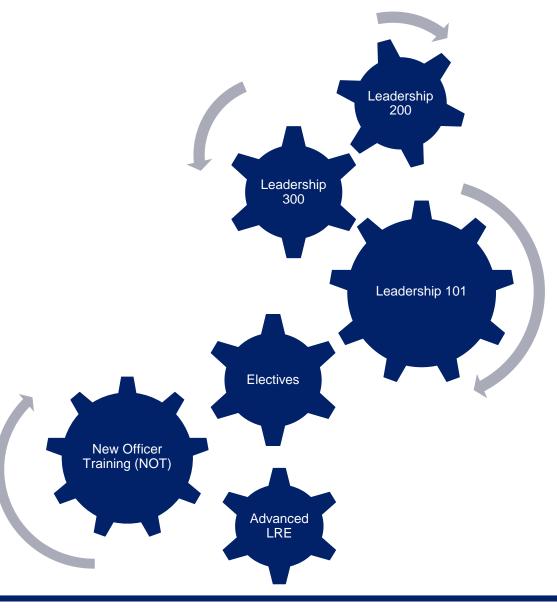
- ✓ Annual Service Agreement (IGA/ISA)
- ✓ Ensure officer continuity
- ✓ Meet with SA once per semester
- ✓ Monitors Officer Activity Log and Performance evaluations
- ✓ Annual Training
- ✓ Provide supervision and support to officer's program activities



# TRAINING REQUIREMENTS



ALL SROs, School Social Workers, School Counselors and administrators must attend annual trainings as appropriate



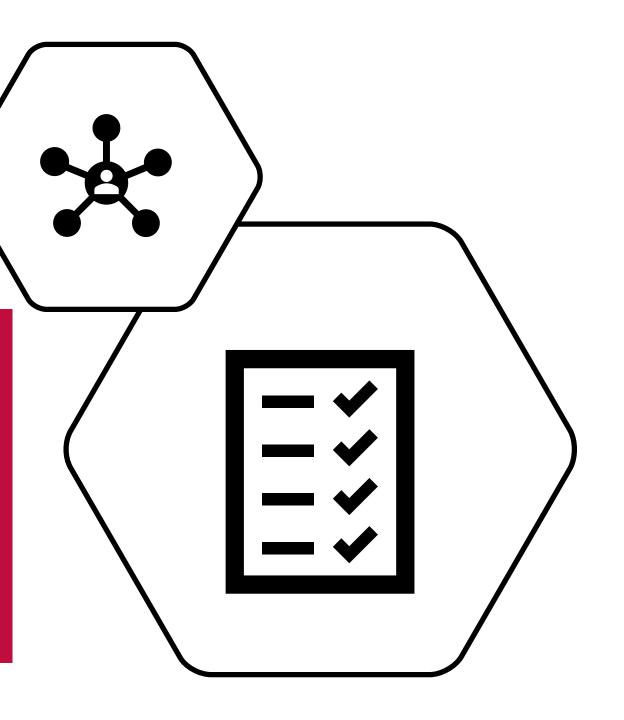






# ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

of School Safety Program Resource



### What Sets Us Apart?

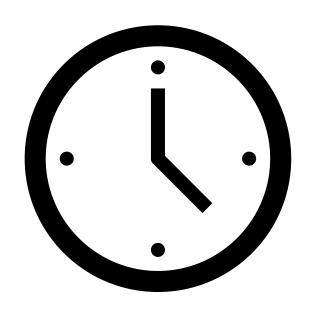
Presenter: Officer Stephen Dieu, Chandler PD



District Funded Officers	School Safety Program SSO
<ul> <li>Contrasting Expectations</li> <li>Perception Approach</li> <li>Lectured Lessons</li> <li>Zero Tolerance</li> <li>Criminalizing Delinquent Behavior</li> <li>Patrol Officer Mindset</li> <li>School to Prison Pipeline</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unified Philosophy</li> <li>Research &amp; Data Driven</li> <li>Interactive LRE Instruction</li> <li>Prevention &amp; Intervention</li> <li>Required Training: Understanding of Adolescent Development</li> <li>SSAPT Support</li> <li>Positive Impact on School Climate &amp; Culture</li> </ul>



# The Officer Time Presenter: Sergeant Bill Wilson, Phoenix PD



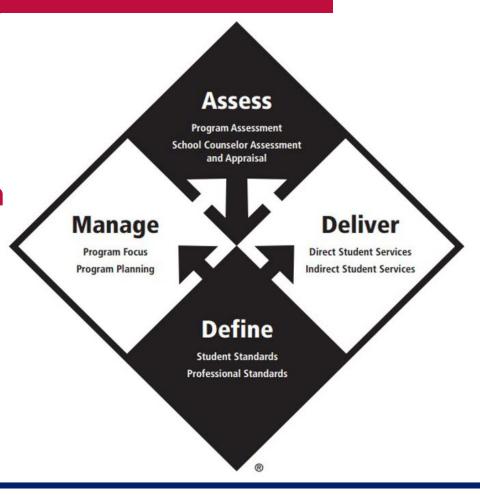
- Time on Campus
  - SRO 80% of the time
  - JPO 90% of the time
- Time off Campus
  - Anytime an officer is not on school grounds during their duty hours
  - Monitor for necessity
- Overtime is **not** paid for through the grant



### ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

#### **School Counselors: ASCA National Model**

- Three sets of standards **define** the practice
- Program focus and program planning guide program design and support effective <u>manage</u>ment
- School Counselors <u>deliver</u> a range of direct and indirect student Services
- Program and school counselor performance assessments support improvements and growth





### School Counselor Roles - ASCA

#### Appropriate\*

- Interpreting cognitive, aptitude, and achievement tests to support, e.g. IEP team or teachers
- Providing counseling to and problem solving with students who are regularly tardy, absent, or who have discipline problems
- Providing short-term individual and smallgroup counseling services to students
- Providing consultation and support to teachers / staff to address classroom behaviors, supports, etc. for academic achievement

#### Inappropriate\*\*

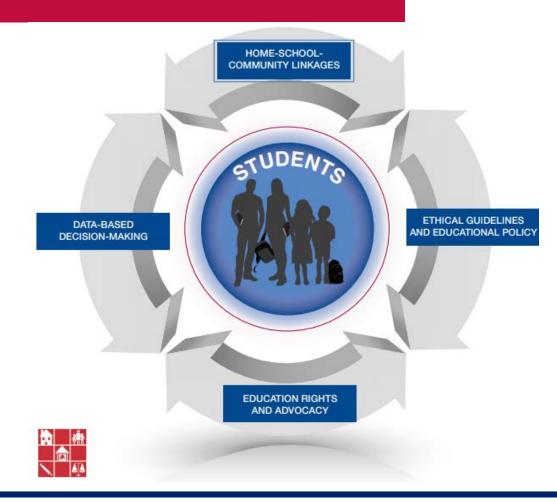
- Coordinating testing programs
- Signing excuses for students who are late or absent; performing disciplinary actions
- Providing long-term counseling in school to students to address ongoing mental health concerns or psychological disorders (e.g. <u>no</u> therapy)
- Substituting for a teacher who is absent, or being the one to control behavior management in the classroom alongside a teacher



### ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

# **School Social Workers: School Social Work Practice Model**

- Provide evidence-based education, behavior, and mental health services
- Promote a school climate and culture conducive to student learning and teaching excellence
- Maximize access to school-based and community-based resources





### School Social Worker Roles- SSWAA

#### Appropriate\*

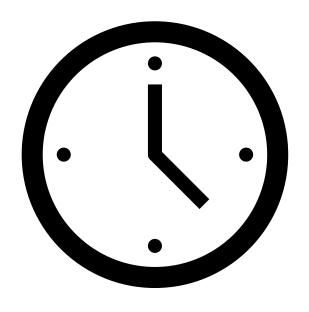
- Locating and connecting students and families to referral services in the community
- Developing and delivering in-service PD opportunities or community workshops around data-driven and campus-relevant topics
- Providing crisis intervention, short-term individual, and small-group counseling services to students
- Assisting admins and districts in developing and implementing educational programs, intervention programs, and crisis response / postvention plans

#### Inappropriate\*\*

- Providing extensive, on-going casemanagement services for students and family
- Designing and delivering <u>all</u> campus wide PD and community level workshops
- Providing long-term counseling in school to students to address ongoing mental health concerns or psychological disorders (e.g. no therapy)
- Being solely responsible for the creation, management, and implementation of these programs



# School Social Worker & Counselor Time on Campus



#### Time on Campus & Related Activities

- Facilitating Tier 1-3 activities with students
- Home visits (as needed / appropriate)
- Staff / campus educational workshops hosted at school
- Parent / community educational workshops hosted at school

#### Time off Campus

- Participation in community meetings
- Professional Development (External)
- → Monitor for necessity

<sup>\*</sup>Overtime is **not** paid for through the grant

#### **School Safety Program Roles**

<u>Underline</u>: Indicates responsible party

✓: Indicates contributing member

#### **Prior to the School Year**

- Service Agreement
- Signed Contract

#### **Throughout School Year**

- SSP Resource Team Meeting
- Operational Plan
- 180 Hours of Law Related Education (if applicable)
- Percentage of time across Tiers 1-3 (if applicable)
- Weekly Activity Log
- SSP Resource Performance Assessment
- Training Attendance
- Officer Continuity (if applicable)
- Mid-year Report

#### **End of the Year**

- End-Year Report
- Completion Report
- Program Evaluation

#### **COLOR KEY**

School Safety Officer (S.R.O/JPO) School Social Worker School Counselor Site Admin S.A. Agency Supv A.S.

**District Admin D.A.** 



#### **School Safety Program Roles**

<u>Underline</u>: Indicates responsible party ✓ : Indicates contributing member

#### **Prior to the School Year**

- Service Agreement **V**
- Contract 🗸

#### Throughout the School Year

- SSP Resource Team Meeting 🗸 🗸
- Operational Plan 🗸 🗸
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- Officer Continuity (if applicable)
- Mid-Year Report 🗸 🗸 🗸



#### **End of the Year**

- End-Year Report 🗸
- Completion Report
- Program Evaluation <

#### COLOR KEY

**School Safety Officer** (S.R.O/JPO) **School Social Worker School Counselor** Site Admin S.A. Agency Supv A.S.

**District Admin D.A.** 



# Let's Practice!

Scenarios



The science teacher never came back from lunch.

Could you use your Counselor, Social Worker or School Resource

Officer as a substitute teacher?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. Maybe

Answer B: No Resource Team Members (RTM's) may not be used as a substitute.

You have a crossing guard that called in sick. Could you use a Resource Team Member (RTM) as a Crossing Guard?

A. Yes B. No C. Maybe

**Answer B: No** 

A RTM may assist with traffic issues depending on their training and experiences but may not be used to replace missing school personnel.



Two students are facing school discipline issues for fighting. Which Resource Team Member (RTM) could be used?

- A. Counselor
- B. Social Worker
- C. School Resource Officer

#### **Answer: Yes**

Resource Team Members are available to counsel, mentor, mediate, assess, provide community resources and/or give positive encouragement when appropriate.



The Vice Principal is behind on their 504 paper work and meetings. Which Resource Team Member (RTM) could be used to catch up?

- A. Counselor
- B. Social Worker
- C. School Resource Officer

**Answer: None\*** 

\*Resource Team Members may not be used to substitute school personnel. A 504 Team may include RTM's or their input but they should not be responsible for 504 management.



Lunch on your campus is becoming increasingly rowdy. Which Resource Team Member (RTM) could be used?

- A. Counselor
- B. Social Worker
- C. School Resource Officer

#### **Answer: None**

RTM's are not disciplinarians. Strategic Visibility may be utilized to develop positive relationships within the school community. RTM's should not be used for intimidation or discipline.



Two students were brought up to the office for using a Juul in one of the bathrooms. Which Resource Team Member (RTM) should be used?

- A. School Counselor
- B. School Social Worker
- C. School Resource Officer
- D. All of the above

#### **Answer: D**

Resource Team Members are available to counsel, mentor, mediate, assess, and/or provide community resources, interventions, Law Related Education and/or give positive encouragement when appropriate.





5 minute brain break

# Stretch and raffle





Law-Related Education

**Presenter: Diana Strouth, Instruction Specialist** 

AZ Foundation for Legal Services & Education

### Law-Related Education

Teaches about laws



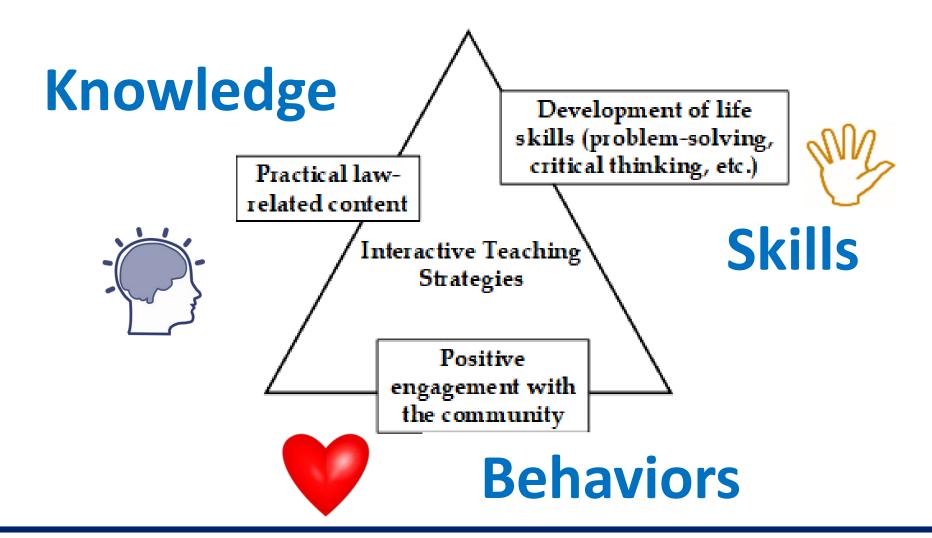
- Informs how the legal system operates
- Educates about the fundamental principles of a constitutional democracy
- Promotes civic responsibility
- Provides opportunity to practice



Community participation



# LRE Triangle





### **Best Practices**

- Law content (LRE)
- A balanced perspective
- Problem-solving approach
- Focus on real life (Data Driven)
- Use of hands-on, interactive instructional strategies
- Opportunities for youth to interact constructively with community resource persons (CRP's)
- Student-Centered

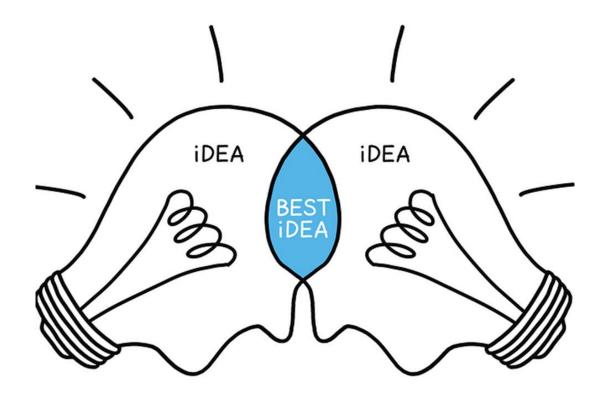








### LRE ACTIVITY



### LRE AND SEL AS A PREVENTION TOOL

#### Social Emotional Learning\*\* Law-Related Education\* **Promotes Positive Self-Image** Self-Awareness Helps students develop a productive sense of Know your strengths/limitations, senses of confidence, purpose and independence optimism, growth mindset **Encourages Resiliency Skills** Self-Management Sense of autonomy Manage stress, control impulses, motivate yourself to Social competence set/achieve goals **Problem-solving Exposure to a "Balanced" Viewpoint** Social Awareness Explore and reflect on theirs and others' • Understand the perspective of others and empathize perspectives with them, including those from diverse backgrounds Develop respect for different points of view and cultures **Interactive Teaching Strategies** Relationship Skills Strategies that foster true student-to-student • Communicate clearly, listen well, cooperate with interaction - role plays, simulations, group work others, resist inappropriate social pressure, negotiate activities, group research projects, communityconflict constructively, and seek and offer help when based learning needed Opportunity to interact with community resource people **Promotes conflict resolution** Helps students acquire non-aggressive social problem-solving skills **Develop Problem-Solving and Reasoning Skills** Responsible Decision-Making Through challenging content and the methods • Make constructive choices about personal behavior used to study that content and social interactions based on ethical standards, Involves careful examination and projection of safety, and social norms



possible consequences of decisions

# SOCIAL EMOTIONAL LEARNING Presenter: Debi Neat, M.Ed



#### Social & Emotional Learning Core Competencies

#### SELF-MANAGEMENT

Managing emotions and behaviors to achieve one's goals

#### SELF-AWARENESS

Recognizing one's emotions and values as well as one's strengths and challenges

### SOCIAL AWARENESS

Showing understanding and empathy for others

Social & Emotional Learning

### RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING

Making ethical, constructive choices about personal and social behavior

### RELATIONSHIP SKILLS

Forming positive relationships, working in teams, dealing effectively with conflict



## Why Social & Emotional Learning?

### Benefits

Improvement in classroom behavior.

Increase in self-confidence.

11% increase in scores on standardized tests.

Social & Emotional Skills.

Better attitudes about school and interactions with others.

### Reduces

Aggressive Behavio

Emotional Distress

Conduct Problems

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### Social Emotional Learning

### Social Emotional Learning

#### Read About It!

- Intro & Part of the Plan
- A Proactive Approach
- Programs & **Techniques**
- SRO: NASRO article





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October 2018 | Volume 76 | Number 2 The Promise of Social-Emotional Learning Pages 46-50

Issue Table of Contents | Read Article Abstract

#### Can SEL Reduce School Violence?

Amanda B. Nickerson

A researcher says teaching empathy, problem solving, and self-control could lead to safer schools.

In light of recent highly publicized and tragic incidents, such as the February 2018 shooting at Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School in Parkland, Florida, school communities are increasingly concerned about student and teacher safety. School leaders, politicians, and community members are frantically seeking solutions to the problem of school violence. Many of the ideas proposed

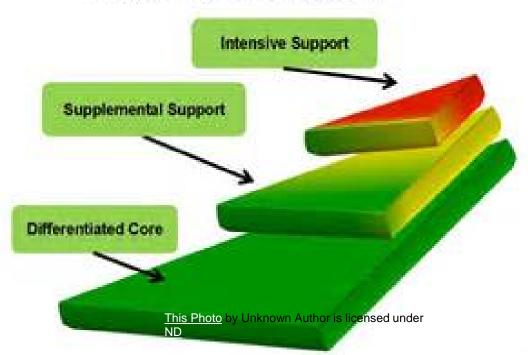
have focused on security and "hardening" schools, and some lawmakers have even suggested arming teachers. One strategy that is more likely to work, if used as part of a comprehensive public health approach, is improved social-emotional learning (SEL).

Share | f 
 ✓

A Proactive Approach to Violence Prevention

## SEL & MTSS (Multi-tiered Systems of Support)

### Layering of Support



- Tier 3 Individualized
   Intensive
   1 to1 support
- Tier 2 Small Group
   Targeted to skills needed
- Tier 1 Universal School-wide



### LRE PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

#### **Grant requires 180 hours of LRE**

- At least 80 hours of LRE to COHORT groups of students
  - Six sessions per classroom within one quarter
- At least 100 hours of UNIVERSAL LRE instruction
  - 60 hours or more of universal LRE classroom instruction
  - Up to 20 hours LRE planning and preparation
  - Up to 20 hours LRE instruction to staff/community

### Tracked for Grant compliance

- ✓ Mid-Year Report
- ✓ End-Year Report

### SEL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

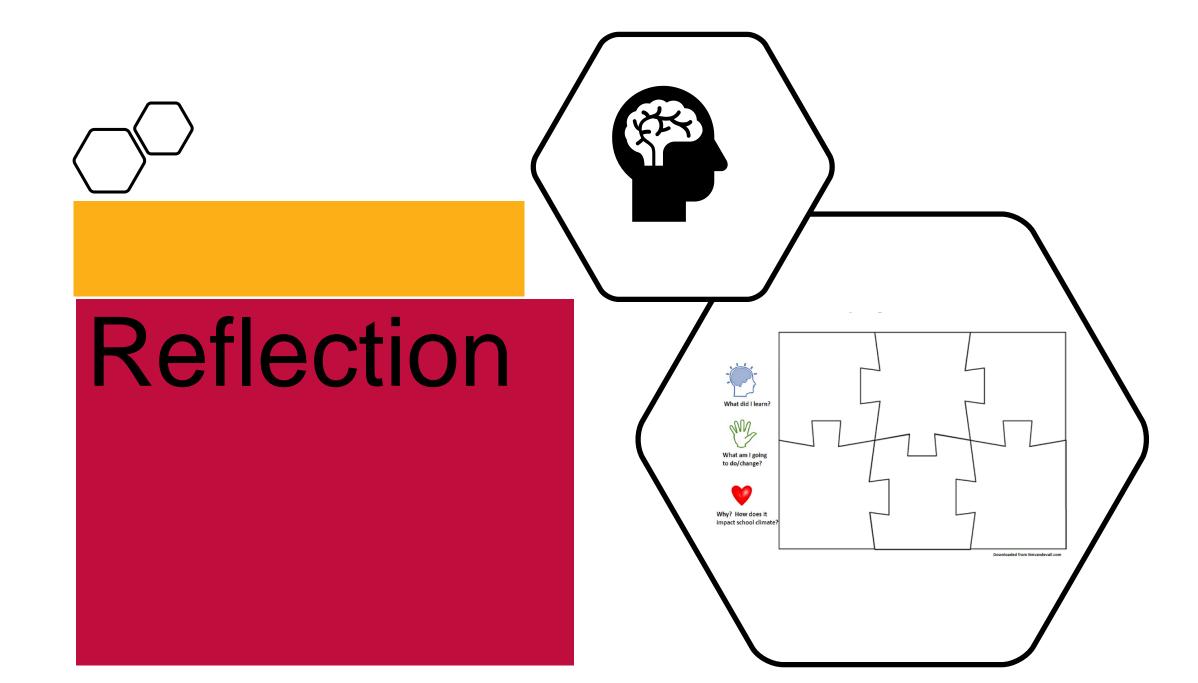
The grant will require School Counselors and School Social Workers to deliver SEL Curriculum on campus.

- The choice of SEL curricula should be data driven for your campus
- It should be Evidence Based or Promising Practice curricula
- We will update the field regarding time requirements.

Tracked for Grant compliance

- ✓ Mid-Year Report
- ✓ End-Year Report







Team

Presenter: Debi Neat, M.Ed.

# Purpose of School Safety Teams

#### Part 1:

- Requirement of the School Safety Program grant
- Multidisciplinary perspectives
- Connect data to grant activities
- Develop appropriate interventions
- Continuous improvement of plan



### Who's on the Team?

Meeting Program Requirements

- Membership must consist of:
  - Principal or Assistant Principal
  - School Safety Program Officer (SRO, JPO) (or similar role)
  - School Prevention Coordinator or Mental/Behavioral Health expert (or similar role)
  - Others members as needed
- Recommended:
  - District prevention coordinator
  - District transportation representative
  - Teacher representative
  - Parent representative
  - Student representative

Who is on your campus team?



### **Team Roles and Responsibilities**

- 1. Leader
- 2. Facilitator
- 3. Recorder
- 4. Profiler
- 5. Timekeeper
- 6. Member

- 1. Moves the team
- 2. Helps the group with the process
- 3. Keeps notes, documents decisions
- 4. Collects, keeps, organizes data
- 5. Keeps the meeting on time
- 6. Participation is critical



### Team Norms

#### How we:

- Interact with each other
- Communicate with each other and the staff not on team
- Who will be responsible and accountable for accomplishing goals



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### Major Functions of the Team

Meeting Program Requirements

- Conduct a safety needs assessment (review data from multiple data sources) and create a campus safety plan
- Use this information to determine appropriate use of SS Resource
- Coordinate this program with other campus safety and drug/violence prevention programs
- Must meet at least quarterly; monthly recommended
- May form a new team for this purpose or utilize existing appropriate team (equipped to discuss a variety of safety, drug, and violence related issues)



### Creating YOUR plan- the Full Picture

- As an SSPRT:
- 1. Review all available data sources to find actual safety concerns...
- 2. Determine your *Priority Focus Areas* and create a plan that...
- 3. Coordinates campus and community resources as interventions
- 4. Determine where the SRO and Resource staff should be and when (Strategic Visibility) according to time and location of incidents
- 5. Plan LRE & SEL based on data, which teachers, which classes, what LRE lessons
- 6. Present the LRE &SEL to the targeted population(s): cohort(s) and who, when and where universal LRE will be provided
- 7. And REPEAT

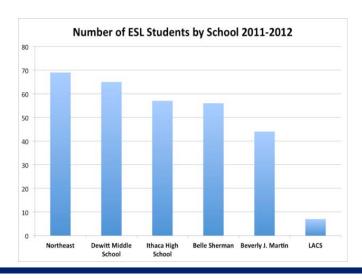


### Key Elements of Databased Decision Making

- High quality data from a variety of sources
- Efficient data management system
- Process for team decisionmaking and action planning









### Data to Review

- 1. Safety and discipline data Incidents, location and time of day...
- 2. Student perceptions of safety and behavior (survey)
- 3. Staff perceptions of school climate (survey)
- 4. Risk and Protective Factor Surveys (YRBS & AYS)
- 5. Community crime data
- 6. Other.....



### Group Activity- Part 1



### As a table, complete the following:

- Assign the positions of administrator, officer, mental/behavioral health representative, teacher, other, at your table.
- Complete a needs assessment by reviewing the data you are given.
- What are three major findings from the data?
- How will you use the officer/resource person to address these findings?
- What additional information do you need to develop a plan for making the school a safer place.



### Data Story Form – Team Planning Tool

Data Story

What story does the data tell you about the climate on your campus? Does your campus have an orderly, purposeful atmosphere, which promotes the feeling of safety conducive to teaching and learning? Do staff and students feel safe, welcome, respected and able to teach and learn? Or, are there problems, and issues on the campus that create a climate of concern, frustration and possibly fear that limit the connectedness to the campus and the academic achievement that could be occurring?

As you work through the following questions, consider risk behaviors that the students engage in, youth 7. Based on the actual, identified problems, how will you best address these issues on campus? development concerns, along with perceptions of safety on the campus by staff, students and parents.

1. What do the problems, concerns or issues appear to be on campus?

What led you to believe these are problems or issues on campus?

3. Your School Safety and Prevention Team (SSAPT) is expected to review data regularly to determine what the school climate issues are on your campus. What data will your team use to support your hypothesis? For example, will you gather anecdotal information or Office Discipline Referrals (ODRs), incident data from your Student Management System (SMS) or responses from campus climate surveys, etc.? It is recommended to use two or more types of data.

4. After looking at multiple sources of data, what does the data tell you?

6. If NO, what is/are the new identified problem(s), concern(s) or issue(s) on campus identified by a review of multiple data sources?

**Priority Focus Area**: Of the problems identified, what are your top 3 Priority Focus Areas

Coordination: What other campus or community resources, programs, services, interventions do you have available to address these PFAs? (Tier 2 & Tier 3 interventions such as check-in/check-out, mediation, and prevention/intervention support or education groups such as anger management, grief and loss support groups, wrap-around, etc.)

Strategic Visibility: Describe where and when an officer will be visible to students to prevent or intervene with these PFAs

LRE: Identify the type of LRE instruction that will address these PFAs

Target Population: Identify the target population that will receive the LRE

5. Does the data support the identified problems, concerns or issues that you identified in #1, above? If YES, skip to #7 below.

8. At each SSAPT meeting, include these PFAs on your agenda and review multiple data sources to determine whether or not the problems have been appropriately addressed and what type of impact this has made on the campus.

### How would you respond?

- Drugs
- Truancy
- Fighting
- Defiance or Disrespect Towards Authority





### Your SSPRT Recommended Agenda

### Connecting YOUR story to YOUR SSPRT discussions

#### School Safety Assessment and Prevention Team Agenda

<u>Purpose</u>: Our SSAPT meets *at least quarterly* to review multiple sources of data to identify (1) school safety issues, (2) our top 3 priority focus areas (PFAs), (3) the target populations (cohort and/or universal) for LRE instruction, (4) the appropriate LRE to address the PFAs, and (5) the strategic visibility of the officer/others to help prevent or intervene with the PFAs. We determine how best to coordinate the efforts of the School Safety Program with other safety and prevention programs, activities, and services to help address the identified PFAs. We regularly update our Operational Plan to reflect the above.

Leader.	Date	;. N	ecorder.
Title/Position (*Required):	Staff Present	Title/Position (*Required):	Member Present:
*Principal (or)		*Mental/Behavioral Health Expert	i
*Assistant Principal		Key Staff:	
*School Safety Officer		Key Staff:	
Operational Plan/Calend	ar Review (note revisions/c	completed activities/milestones/Imp	act on School Climate):

Operational Plan/Calendar Review (note revisions/completed activities/milestones/Impact on School Climate):



- What will you Learn? What will you do/change? Why? How will it impact School Climate?

  1. Data Reviewed:
- Safety Concerns Identified by Data:
- 3. Top 3 PFAs:
- 4. Cohort Groups Identified by Data:
- 5. Appropriate LRE to Address the Identified Safety Concerns (cohort and universal):
- 6. Coordinate with Campus Programs and Services:
- 7. Strategic Visibility Who? Where?
- 8. How is the officer building positive interactive relationships with students, staff, and community?

#### Review Previous Action Items:

1. 2. 3.

### **Model School Safety Program Resource Team**

Presenter: Patricia Christy, Principal, Rhodes Jr High, Mesa



### LUNCH!



# Purpose of School Safety Teams

### **SSPRT PART 2:**

- Requirement of the School Safety Program grant
- Multidisciplinary perspectives
- Connect data to grant activities
- Develop appropriate interventions
- Continuous improvement of plan



### **Team Documents**

- Data Story Form
- Agenda
- Operational Plar

Data Story

What story does the data tell you about the climate on your campus? Does your campus have an orderly, purposeful atmosphere, which promotes the feeling of safety conducive to teaching and learning? Do staff and students feel safe, welcome, respected and able to teach and learn? Or, are there problems, and issues on the campus that create a climate of concern, frustration and possibly fear that limit the connectedness to the campus and the academic achievement that could be occurring?

As you work through the following questions, consider risk behaviors that the students engage in, youth development concerns, along with perceptions of safety on the campus by staff, students and parents.

1. What do the problems, concerns or issues appear to be on campus?

2.	What led you to believe these are problems or issues on campus?
3.	Your School Safety and Prevention Team (SSAPT) is expected to review data regularly to determine what the school climate issues are on your campus. What data will your team use to support your hypothesis? For example, will you gather anecdotal information or Office Discipline Referrals (ODRs), incident data from your Student Management System (SMS) or responses from campus climate surveys, etc.? It is recommended to use two or more types of data.
4.	After looking at multiple sources of data, what does the data tell you?

Does the data support the identified problems, concerns or issues that you identified in #1, above?If YES, skip to #7 below.

#### School Safety Assessment and Prevention Team Agenda

<u>Purpose</u>: Our SSAPT meets *at least quarterly* to review multiple sources of data to identify (1) school safety issues, (2) our top 3 priority focus areas (PFAs), (3) the target populations (cohort and/or universal) for LRE instruction, (4) the appropriate LRE to address the PFAs, and (5) the strategic visibility of the officer/others to help prevent or intervene with the PFAs. We determine how best to coordinate the efforts of the School Safety Program with other safety and prevention programs, activities, and services to help address the identified PFAs. We regularly update our Operational Plan to reflect the above.

Leader: Date: Recorder:

Title/Position (*Required):	Staff Present	Title/Position (*Required):	Member Present:
*Principal (or)		*Mental/Behavioral Health Expert	
*Assistant Principal		Key Staff:	
*School Safety Officer		Key Staff:	

Operational Plan/Calendar Review (note revisions/completed activities/milestones/Impact on School Climate):

,		
What will you Learn?	What will you do/change?	Why? How will it

. 🖤

	what will	you Learn?	wnat will	you do/change?	wny?	How will it im	pact School	Climate?
4	Data Davissonal							

- 2. Safety Concerns Identified by Data:
- 3. Top 3 PFAs:
- 4. Cohort Groups Identified by Data:
- 5. Appropriate LRE to Address the Identified Safety Concerns (cohort and universal):
- 6. Coordinate with Campus Programs and Services:
- 7. Strategic Visibility Who? Where?
- How is the officer building positive interactive relationships with students, staff, and community?

#### Review Previous Action Items:

### Operational Plan

#### **School Safety Program Operational Plan**

The operational plan is a fluid document that should be used by the school administrator, officer, and School Safety Assessment and Prevention Team to monitor program implementation and provide continuous improvement throughout the school year.

<u> </u>	•					<u> </u>						<u> </u>						
District:	School(s):																	
School Administrator Name(s):		o	fficer Na	ime:														
Project Activities/Milestones	Responsible Personnel	Schoo	l Year:											Comple	eted			
Project Activities/ivillestones		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Yes	No	Comments		



### Designing Your Operational Plan: Incorporating YOUR Data Story and Discussions

District: Arizona School District	School(s): ABC Junior High School															
School Administrator Name(s): John Smith			c	Officer Na	ame: Ja	ne Doe										
	Responsible Personnel	School	Year: 20	015-2016	i									Comple	eted	
Project Activities/Milestones		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Yes	No	Comments
Introduction of officer to all school staff	Principal	7/27										·		Х		
	Principal, Officer, SS Teachers													v		
Incorporate Universal LRE lessons into 7 <sup>th</sup> and 9 <sup>th</sup> grade social studies curriculum during summer planning meetings														Х		
Introduction of officer to students and parents (Open House)	Principal		8/17											х		
School Safety Assessment and Prevention Team meetings (review OP)	Assistant Principal, SSAPT members			8/23			12/2		2/17			5/11			х	1 <sup>st</sup> meeting completed
Visit each freshman class for an introductory presentation	Officer													х		
Provide Cohort LRE (Conflict Resolution) with 8 <sup>th</sup> grade science classes	Officer, 8 <sup>th</sup> grade science teachers														х	Added after 1st SSAPT meeting
Provide Universal LRE to parent groups on conflict resolution and dating violence	Officer														х	

### **Operation Plan Checklist**

#### SCHOOL SAFETY PROGRAM OPERATIONAL PLAN CHECKLIST

- Required School Safety Program trainings are planned as appropriate:
  - District administrator
  - School Principal
  - Agency Supervisor
  - Officer
- Introduction of the officer to staff, students, and general school community is scheduled by the school administrator.
- Quarterly School Safety Assessment and Prevention Team (SSAPT) meetings are scheduled by school administrator and the operational plan is reviewed and updated at each meeting.
- Officer Performance assessments are planned by school administrator twice a year.
- The operational plan is periodically reviewed by school administrator and officer.
- Agency Supervisor and school administrator are scheduled to meet at least once per semester.
- School administrator is scheduled to review officer's activity logs to determine progress made toward LRE instruction and monitor time off campus.
- Collaboration between the officer and school personnel on school-wide safety and prevention is planned.
- Officer is scheduled to implement Cohort LRE instruction according to requirements and needs identified by SSAPT's review and assessment of data.
- Officer is scheduled to implement Universal LRE instruction according to requirements and needs identified SSAPT's review and assessment of data.



### Revising Your Operational Plan: A Living Document

District: Arizona School District	School(s): ABC Junior High School															
School Administrator Name(s): John Smith	Officer Name: Jane Doe															
Project Activities/Milestones	Responsible Personnel	School Year: 201	5-201 A u	5						Π	Γ			Completed		
	Principal	Jul	g	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Yes	No	Comments
Introduction of officer to all school staff		7/27	П											х		
	Principal, Officer, SS Teachers		П													
			Ш											x		
incorporate Universal LRE lessons into 7 <sup>th</sup> and 9 <sup>th</sup> grade social studies curriculum during summer planning meetings			П													
	Principal		8													
introduction of officer to students and parents (Open House)			/ 1 7											х		
	Assistant Principal, SSAPT members		П													1st meeting completed
school Safety Assessment and Prevention Team meetings (review OP)				8/23			12/2		2/17			5/11			х	
	Officer															
Visit each freshman class for an introductory presentation														х		
	Officer, 8 <sup>th</sup> grade science teachers		П													Added after 1st SSAPT mee
															х	
Provide Cohort LRE (Conflict Resolution) with 8 <sup>th</sup> grade science classes																
	Officer															
Provide Universal LRE to parent groups on conflict resolution and dating violence															х	
	Principal		Н								-					
Principal to review officer's activity logs															х	
Francipal to Feview Officer's activity logs	Principal		Н													
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					11/4									x	
Training for Principal - webinar (Year 2)			Ц													
Training for Officer – Advanced LRE	Officer					11/ 17										
Officer Performance Assessment	Principal, Officer		П												х	
Agency Supervisor and Principal meet	Agency Supervisor, Principal		П												х	
	Officer, P.E. teachers		П													Added after 2 <sup>nd</sup> SSAPT meet
Provide Universal LRE (Drug Prevention) with all P.E. classes – 7 <sup>th</sup> , 8 <sup>th</sup> , and 9 <sup>th</sup> grades																

### Data to be Considered

- Safety and discipline data
   Incidents, location and time of day
- 2. Student perceptions of safety and behavior (survey)
- 3. Staff perceptions of school climate (survey)
- 4. Community crime data

#### LOOKING DEEPER

- 5. Suspension, expulsion, drop-out rates
- 6. Attendance rates
- 7. Observations
- 8. Parent Surveys
- 9. Self-reporting
- 10. Other



### Group Activity Part 2

Your team has researched additional data.

Review your data and do the following:

Summarize relevant findings.

What are the three top priority focus areas you would establish for the 2017-18 school year?

Determine how School Safety Program promoted strategies - coordination, strategic visibility, and Law Related Education (LRE), Social Emotional Learning (SEL) will address these priority focus areas.

What additional data will you collect?





Conduct Needs
Assessment: Issues
and Resources
What, Why, Who,
When, Where

Implementation and Assessment Reflection (review operational plan)

Determine Priority
Focus Areas
(to address needs
identified)

Collect Data
Subjective
(anecdotal)
Objective
(activity logs,
operational plan,
incident)

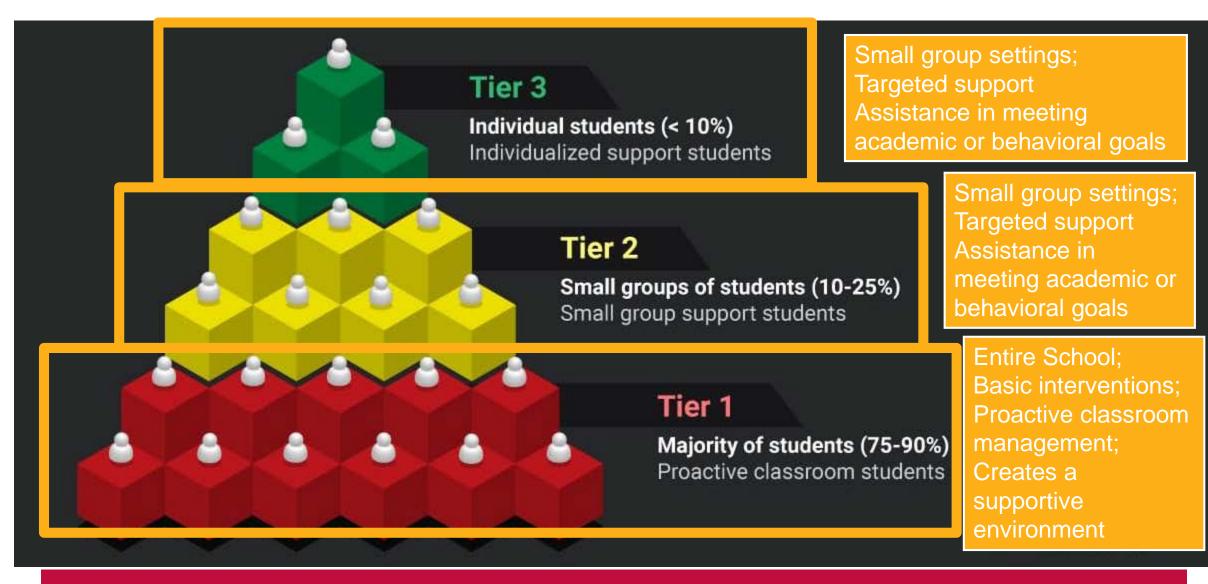
Identify
Appropriate
Strategies:
Coordination,
Strategic Visibility,
LRE
(to address needs
identified)



# Effective Program Development and Assessment

- Create systems, not just programs
- Earlier rather than later
- Evidence, not opinion
- Continuous regeneration
  - Are we doing what we said we would do?
  - > Are our efforts benefitting students?
  - ➤ Are our efforts an efficient use of resources?

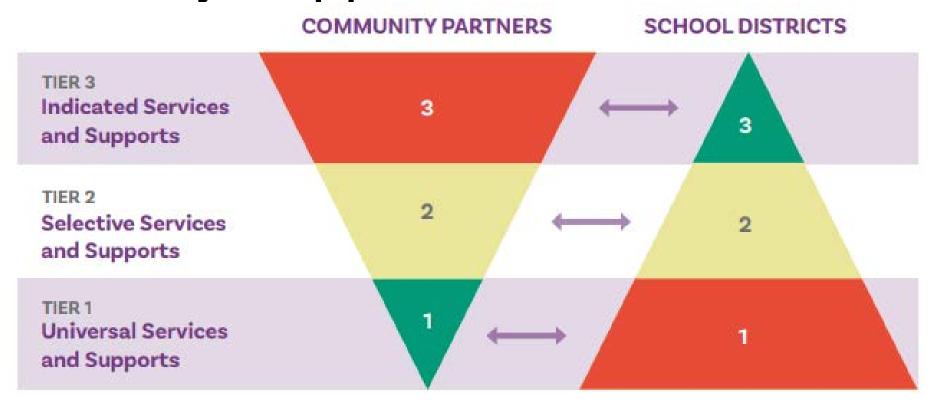
### Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS)



#### Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (MTSS)



# MTSS: Relationships Between School & Community Supports



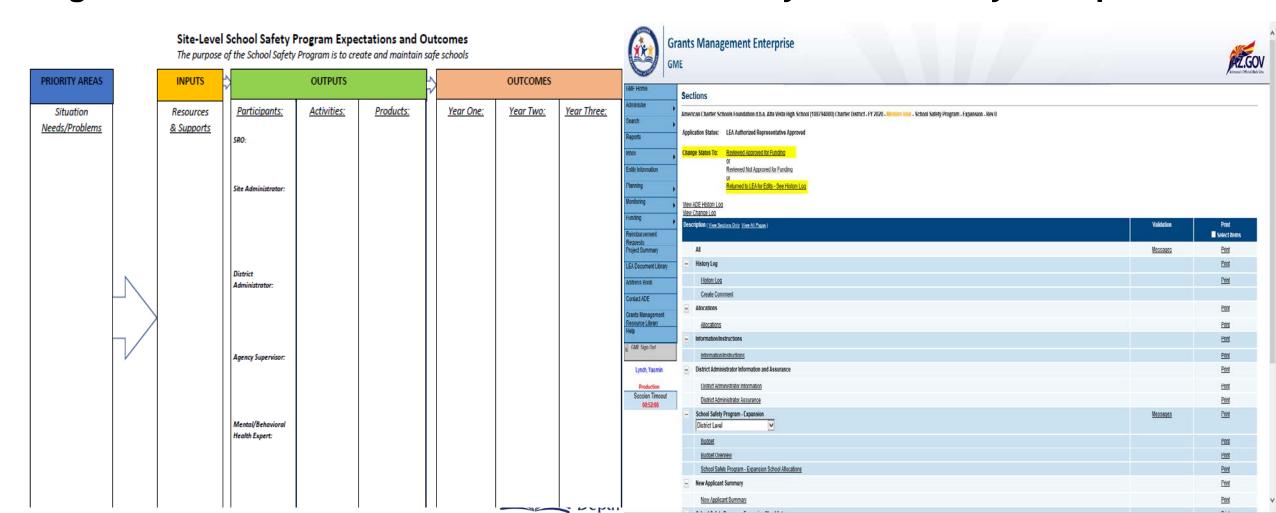
Source: Hoover, S., Lever, N., Sachdev, N., Bravo, N., Schlitt, J., Acosta Price, O., Sheriff, L. & Cashman, J. (2019). Advancing Comprehensive School Mental Health: Guidance From the Field. Baltimore, MD: National Center for School Mental Health. University of Maryland School of Medicine.



### **EVALUATING YOUR PROGRAM**

#### Logic model

#### Mid year and end-year report



#### **Site-Level School Safety Program Expectations and Outcomes**

The purpose of the School Safety Program is to create and maintain safe schools

PRIORITY AREAS	INPUTS	OUTPUTS			$\triangleright$	OUTCOMES			
Situation <u>Needs/Problems</u>	Resources & Supports	Participants: SRO:	<u>Activities:</u>		<u>Year</u>	One:	<u>Year Two:</u>	Year Three:	
		Site Administrator:							
		District Administrator:							
		Agency Supervisor:							

#### **Site-Level School Safety Program Expectations and Outcomes**

The purpose of the School Safety Program is to create and maintain safe schools

PRIORITY AREAS		INPUTS				$\rangle$	OUTCOMES				
Situation Needs/Problems		Resources & Supports	Participants:	Activities:  SSAPT meets	Products: Regular SSAPT		Year One: Increased	Year Two: Improved	<u>Y</u>	<i>ear Three:</i> Parents	
Incidents of violence		Administrati on time Teacher/sta ff time Officer time Supervisor time Grant \$ Experience Expertise Partners (Foundation & ADE) Programs Services Technology LRE Curriculum Etc	comm w/admin 180 hrs LRE Participate on SSAP Develop relationships  Site Administrator: Understand and support role of officer Intro officer to school Convene SSAPT qtrly  District Administrator: Understand and support role of officer Convene SSAPT qtrly  District Administrator: Understand and support role of officer Conmunicate philosophy to schools Attend to Service Agreecy  Population  Provided idea safe con Unitro officer Communicate philosophy to schools Attend to Service Agreecy	Operational Plan  Review data to determine best use of officer  Coordinate officer with campus programs and services for prev/interven  Determine targeted population for co-hort LRE	meetings  Functioning Operational Plan  Data used to determine target groups for LRE  LRE determined by data  Relationship		knowledge of law  Officer develops relationships with staff, student, parents  Officer has better	officer on campus	•	perceive officer as a resourc • Students have increased skills for problem solving and	
Incidents of drugs & alcohol					Relationship     between officer     and students     SSAPT utilizes     and connects     officer to     campus     services &     program for     prev/interventio     n     Build		understandin g of role on a school campus vs. on the streets Improved perception of officer by staff, students/par	perceive officer as a resource/m entor • Parents are comfortable going to the officer with issues of concern • Staff &		making good decisions and communic ation Decrease d serious violent behavior Strong	
School Climate concerns				addresses identified safety concerns • Provide Universal LRE to address safety concerns	relationship between SA- AS-Officer		ents SSAPT develops working relationships Coordinate officer with campus services and	students feel safe with the officer on campus • Staff feels the officer is a resource to the		partnershi p between the school, community and law enforceme nt Campus climate is	
			Supervisor: Understand and support role of officer	Develop strategic visibility plans     Build relationships between			programs • Etc	school Less unsafe/inap propriate behavior Campus		cilmate is safe	

officer and

climate improved

# LAWS Legal Issues

Presenter: Officer Stephen Dieu,

**Chandler PD** 





# OBJECTIVE

APPLY SCHOOL SAFETY LEGAL PRACTICES ON YOUR CAMPUS





# FERPA / Information Sharing

# Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act



# MANDATORY REPORTING

RAISE YOUR HAND IF HAVE EVER (FORMERLY CPS)

# **Mandatory Reporting**

ODD NUMBER TABLES come up with a brief description of a scenario in which mandatory reporting applies.

EVEN NUMBER TABLES come up with 15 words to define Mandatory Reporting.

REFERNCE YOUR LAWS HANDOUT IN YOUR ANSWERS. WRITE YOUR ANSWERS ON NOTE OR POSTER PAPER.



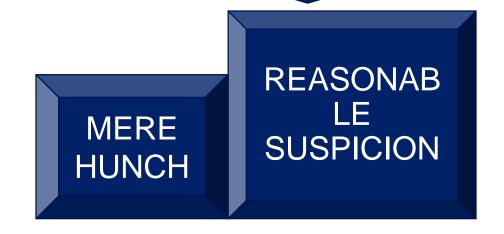
...a feeling or guess based on intuition rather than known facts.



LEVELS OF PROOF



- 1. School Employee made specific observations or knowledge.
- SPAEr(tio Firf (rencest B Sr = R\ν (Δ) a IONS observations and facts found and collected.
  - 3. Explain to the and lost of are run a incrences provided an objective basis for suspicion when combined with the training and experience of the school employee.



### LEVELS OF PROOF





#### LEVELS OF PROOF





# TIME FOR YOU TO BE THE JUDGE



April 10, 2017

# STATE OF LOUISIANA Court of Appeal of Louisiana, Fourth Circuit

On December 5, 2014, mentor and math teacher was assigned bus duty and observed a hand to hand between K.L. and another student known to have issues with marijuana.

Mentor/teacher stepped on the bus and asked K.L. to empty his pockets. K.L. only emptied his left pocket and was asked to empty his right pocket. The student failed to do so, so mentor/teacher reached in and removed small baggie of marijuana. The SRO was summoned and took over the investigation.



bus duty hand to hand marijuana empty his pockets K.L. only emptied his left pocket right pocket failed teacher reached in baggie of marijuana SRO took over the investigation



# SEARCH AND SEIZURE REFERENCE YOUR LAWS HANDOUT IN YOUR ANSWER.

**ONE** Minute

The Court of Appeal of Louisiana upheld a search of a student by an educator was reasonable. This goes back to N.J. vs TLO and the 2 prong test: search reasonable at its (1) inception and at its (2) scope.



June 27, 2017

Missouri Court of Appeals, Eastern District

STATE OF MISSOURI, Respondent, v. CHARLES WILLIAMS, Appellant



#### Seizures / Detention

Decided: June 27, 2017

Vashon High School in Missouri has a policy if you are more than 30 minutes late to school, you will be searched. An 18 year old high school student arrived 30minutes late to school. He took off his shoes and went through the metal detector. He was patted down by school officials. When school official attempted to pat down his back pockets the student told him to "stop." The student was taken to security office where he was forced to remove items in his pockets. The student removed a substance with a cocaine base from his pocket. The investigation was turned over to the SRO.

30 minutes late - will be searched 18 year old - 30-minutes late shoes off / metal detector patted down by school officials student told him to "stop" The student was taken to security office where he was forced to remove items in his pockets student removed cocaine from pocket turned over to the SRO



# REFERENCE YOUR LAWS HANDOUT IN YOUR ANSWER.

The Missouri court of Appeals ruled that the pat-down search of a student, pursuant to school policy authorizing searches of all students who arrive at school more than 30 minutes late, was unreasonable and thus unconstitutional under the Fourth Amendment.



October 27, 2015

# COURT OF APPEALS OF OHIO SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY

#### **INTERVIEWS**

Bomb threat: October 27, 2015, to an Alternative School. Director of Safety and Security, Bullens, retired detective, oversees 26 SRO's. Bullens arrived on scene, did walkthrough and bomb dogs searched, with negative results. Students were in gym and Bullens spoke to them about a reward from \$50-\$1000. 2 students came forward and implicated 13 yr old, L.G. L.G. was brought into the cafeteria and sat across from Bullens. 2 uniformed officers were standing near L.G. as Bullens questioned him. Bullens never read Miranda to L.G.



# INTERVIEWS Bomb threat: Alternative School. Director Bullens walk-through and bomb dogs searched reward from \$50-\$1000. 2 implicated 13 yr old, L.G. L.G. was brought to cafeteria 2 uniformed officers & Bullens Bullens questioned him Bullens never read Miranda to L.G.





#### MANDATORY REPORTING

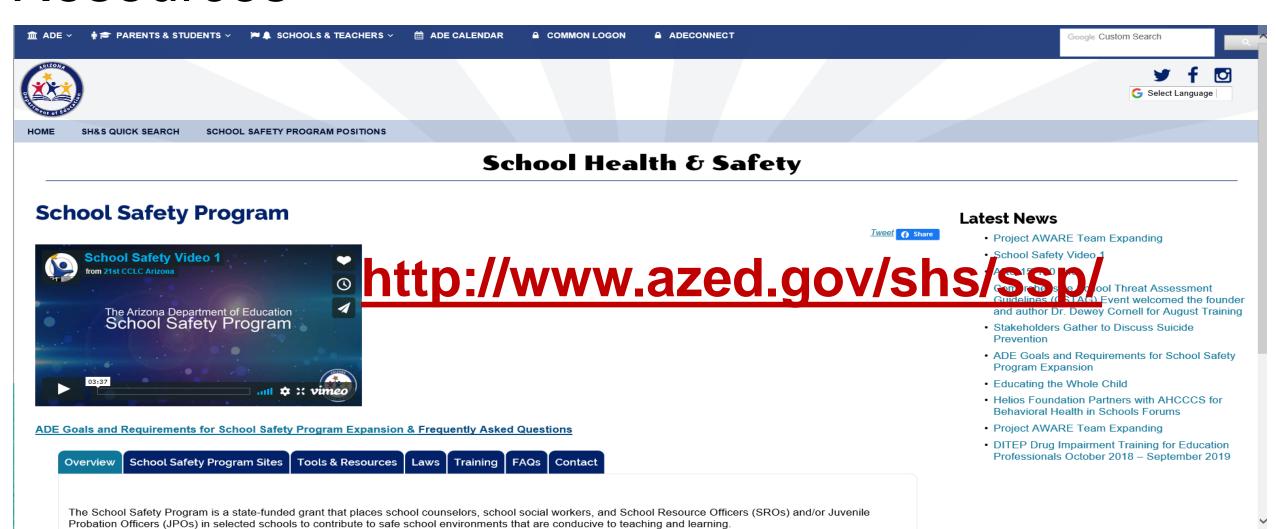
# REFERENCE YOUR LAWS HANDOUT IN YOUR ANSWER.

The Ohio Court of Appeals ruled that 13year old seventh grader, L.G., was in custody when he was questioned by an educator in the presence of a team of school resource officers. The court found the educator was acting as an agent of the police during the investigation and should have given Miranda warnings to the student.

# DISCLAIMER

- This presentation does not constitute legal advice, nor does it create an attorney client relationship.
- It contains general recommendations and should not be relied upon for any specific purpose without consultation with legal counsel or other professionals and in the context of specific facts and circumstances.

### Resources





# Grants Management Enterprise (GME)

#### **GME.AZED.GOV**

- Search, Grants, 2018,
   School Safety Program-Year1, Search
- Click App # of District, Go-To, Sections, Select Site,
- Program Details



There are 69 matching record(s). Displaying 1 through 25. [Downlo

<< First

App Organization Number Number

**Organization Name** 



### Resources

Visit CASEL for more on Social and Emotional Learning (SEL)

https://casel.org/





### MORE RESOURCES

#### **School Counselors**

- American School Counselor Association (ASCA)
- ASCA: What Does a School Counselor Do?
- ASCA National Model
- ASCA Mindsets and Behaviors for Student Success
- ASCA Ethical Standards for School Counselors
- ASCA School Counselor Professional Standards & Competencies
- ASCA Resources for Administrators
- Arizona School Counselors Association (AzSCA)

#### **School Social Workers**

- School Social Work Association of America (SSWAA)
- SWAA School Social Work Practice Model Overview
- SSWAA Resources for Administrators
- School Social Work Association of Arizona
- National Association of Social Workers (NASW)
   Standards for School Social Work Services
- NASW School Social Work Resources
- NASW School Safety Resources

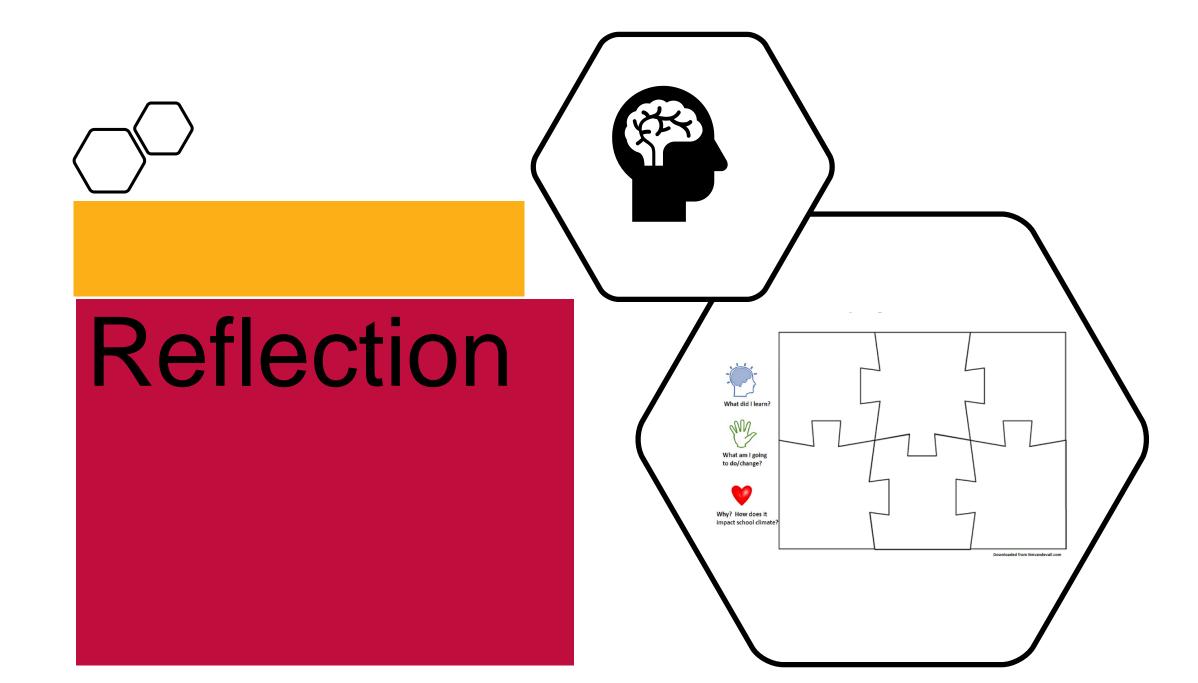
# Arizona Youth Survey (AYS)

#### What is it?

- An Arizona statewide survey of 8<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, and 12<sup>th</sup> graders across all 15 counties
- Conducted by the Arizona Criminal Justice Commission
- Takes place every other year Including this year! Schools can participate between March and May 2020
- Covers topics like substance use, mental health, school safety, suspension / discipline, etc. all from the students' perspective.

#### What can I do?

- Register your schools to participate in the survey
- Obtain your school's / district's results after survey completion
- Review state and countywide reports
- Request a specific data breakdown to meet your school or district's needs



# QUIZ!



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# School Safety Program Trainers

#### **Arizona Department of Education**

- Yasmin Lynch, MA, Program Specialist
- Isaac Akapnitis, LMSW, SW/SC Specialist

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#### Arizona Foundation for Legal Services & Education

Diana Strouth, Instruction Specialist,

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# School Safety Program Trainers

#### **Law Enforcement**

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<u>Stephen Dieu</u>, SRO, Chandler Police Department, sldieu@mpsaz.org

#### **Educational Consultant**

<u>Debi B Neat</u>, M.Ed., Retired, School Safety and Prevention Trainer, Educational Consultant debi.neat@gmail.com

