ESS Resources

The Arizona Department of Education/Exceptional Student Services does not prescribe or endorse textbooks, software, devices, or curriculum materials. Each public education agency is responsible to select curriculum materials that will meet the state curriculum standards. These resources can be considered supplemental but should not be considered a substitute for specially designed instruction.

Academic Resources:

1. **ADE guidance to schools on COVID-19**
   
   This page contains guidance and resources for Arizona’s public district and charter schools as they navigate COVID-19 response.

Guidance from other states:

1. **COVID-19 guidance from SEAs and National Centers for students with disabilities**
2. **A framework with guidance and support materials for continuous learning (Kansas)**
3. **eLearning program guidance (Indiana)**
4. **eLearning day best practice considerations and checklist (Indiana)**
5. **Remote learning resource guide during the coronavirus pandemic ordered school-building closure (Ohio)**
6. **Supplemental Optional Remote Learning Resources for Students with Disabilities (North Carolina)**

Considerations for Special Education Administrators:

1. **COVID-19 - Considerations for CASE Members**

Guidance for school psychologists:

1. **Virtual Service Delivery in Response to COVID-19 Disruptions**

Federal Guidance:

1. **OCR – Addressing risk of COVID-19 while protesting rights of students**
2. **OCR – Online Education and Accessibility**
3. **OCR/OSERS – Supplemental Fact Sheet**
4. **Questions and answers on providing services to children with disabilities during the coronavirus disease 2019 outbreak**
5. **Department of Education – FERPA and Virtual Learning Related Resources**

   This technical assistance list identifies resources that may be helpful on the issue of virtual learning.
6. Department of Education – FERPA and Virtual Learning During COVID-19

Webinar slides for "FERPA and Virtual Learning during the COVID-19" presentation. This webinar is intended to provide information on privacy best practices and insight into helpful resources available to the education community during this critical time of national emergency.

Teaching Special Education Online: General Resources for Transition to Virtual Education.

1. CEC Webinar: Teaching Online During COVID-19
   In this webinar, veteran online instructors help identify steps to move online and strategies for adapting the lessons already in motion to this new format.

2. CCC College & Career Competency Framework: Teaching the Skills That Matter in a Home Learning Environment
   This resource is for teachers and families to support the intrapersonal and interpersonal skills of their students in a virtual and/or home learning environment.

3. Ohio Center for Autism and Low Incidence (OCALI): Guiding questions for moving to online learning when working with learners who have complex needs

4. VRI (Video Remote Interpreting)
   A resource to access nationally certified and Arizona state licensed sign language interpreters remotely.

Teletherapy:

1. American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA): Telehealth Resources
   Looking for information on whether you can use telehealth in your state and how to incorporate it into practice? AOTA has gathered the resources below to help members navigate this emerging area.

2. American Physical Therapy Association (APTA): Telehealth
   Telehealth, the use of electronic communication to remotely provide health care information and services, is gaining more and more attention as providers, patients, and payers all seek more effective and cost-efficient ways to deliver care. Physical therapy is no exception, and while those services have developed mostly in rural areas to accommodate the long distances between patients and providers, telehealth in physical therapy is being considered in other geographic and clinical settings.
3. American Speech-Language-Hearing Association (ASHA): Telepractice

Telepractice is the application of telecommunications technology to the delivery of speech language pathology and audiology professional services at a distance by linking clinician to client or clinician to clinician for assessment, intervention, and/or consultation.

Supervision, mentoring, pre-service, and continuing education are other activities that may be conducted through the use of technology. However, these activities are not included in ASHA’s definition of telepractice and are best referred to as telesupervision/distance supervision and distance education. See ASHA’s Practice Portal page on Clinical Education and Supervision for a detailed discussion of telesupervision.

4. Federal Office of Rural Health Policy: Telehealth Programs (HRSA)

The Office for the Advancement of Telehealth (OAT) promotes the use of telehealth technologies for health care delivery, education, and health information services. Telehealth is especially critical in rural and other remote areas that lack sufficient health care services, including specialty care.

5. National Consortium of Telehealth Resource Centers

These twelve Telehealth Resource Centers (TRCs) support all states and territories. TRCs have been established to provide assistance, education, and information to organizations and individuals who are actively providing or interested in providing health care at a distance. Their charter from the Office for Advancement of Telehealth is to assist in expanding the availability of health care to rural and underserved populations and their federal funding means the assistance they provide is generally free of charge.

6. Virtual Toolkit: Easing Faculty Transition to Online Instruction (CEEDAR Center)

CEEDAR Center has collected information on online collaboration platforms, online meeting engagement, online courses and modules for teacher candidates and more.

7. Use of Technology with Evidence Based Early Intervention

The Ohio Association of County Boards of Developmental Disabilities, a grantee of the Ohio Developmental Disabilities Council, has produced in partnership with families and practitioners in Ohio, a video series about the use of technology with evidence based early intervention. This eight-video series illustrates how video, video conferencing, and related technologies can improve access to, and the quality of, supports for families as well as better enable teams to practice evidence-based early intervention services.
8. **A Practical Guide to the Use of Tele-Intervention in Providing Early Intervention Services to Infants and Toddlers Who Are Deaf or Hard of Hearing** *(NCHAM)*

Over the past 8-9 years, NCHAM has been supporting the knowledge base and research to determine the effectiveness of tele-intervention (TI). They believe TI is a useful tool in serving families of children who are Deaf and Hard-of-hearing and applies to the use in promoting communication development. This guide has applicability across early intervention and has great resources on technology, sample consent form, etc.

**Three Tele-Intervention 101 Learning Courses** for different audiences are included:

- Tele-Intervention 101: Families
- Tele-Intervention 101: Providers
- Tele-Intervention 101: Administrators

9. **RPMs: Module 6: Instruction: Voices from the Field: Pam Dawson**

In this module, Pam Dawson talks about Tele-Intervention (TI), which is a virtual service delivery model. Pam Dawson, MEd, is the Executive Director of hear ME now, a Maine non-profit that helps children and adults with hearing loss develop listening and speaking skills through the use of hearing technology. Pam discusses the benefits and challenges of TI and provides strategies for successful implementation.

Early Childhood Recommended Practice Modules (RPMs) are free modules developed for early care and education, early intervention, and early childhood special education faculty and professional development providers. The modules support the implementation of the Division for Early Childhood (DEC) Recommended Practices.

10. **Video Conferencing 101**

This handout from Larry Edelman of University of Colorado Anschutz Medical Campus provides examples of how video conferencing might be used, general tips regarding technology, environment, and interactions with others, and a series of helpful links.

**Students with significant cognitive disabilities:**

1. [The National Center and State Collaborative (NCSC) wiki](#)
The wiki and the materials hosted here help educators accomplish the NCSC/MSAA goals by supporting instruction aligned to the Common Core State Standards (CCSS) as well as many other state content standards.

2. A sample activity schedule for students with significant cognitive disabilities from the Arkansas Division of Elementary and Secondary Education.

Transition:

1. NTACT resource for transition focused lesson planning
2. NTACT webinar for providing transition-focused activities online and at home
3. NTACT – Transition resources during the COVID-19 outbreak

Early Childhood Education

1. Norm-Referenced Assessment Tools for Children Birth to Age Five Years with Potential for Remote Administration for Eligibility Determination